



# The Times

XIth YEAR

SINGLE PART—SIXTEEN PAGES.  
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LOS ANGELES

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 18, 1900.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS  
AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

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THEATERS

With Dates of Events.

OS ANGELES THEATER—G. M. WOOD, Manager.

THE PLAY THAT RAN FIVE WEEKS IN BOSTON.

Tonight at 8 Sharp, and Tomorrow Afternoon and Night.

THE FRAWLEY CO.

In the Great London Trumph.

"WITH FLYING COLORS."

Sunday Night. "ZIPAH MISEY" and "DAVID GARRICK."

15c, 25c, 35c, 50c Seats Now on Sale. Tel. Main 703.

RPHEUM.—Tonight—New Vaudeville! FULGORIA'S STARS, THE SIDES, in "Back Home." BROTHERS FORREST, musical clowns. HODMAN AND ARDELLE, funnier supreme. HELLMAN AND MOORE, MILLIE PROTO, dainty dancer. RAE AND BROSCHKE, comedians. MIGHTY NEIL new stories, songs and character bits.

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25c, gallery, 10c. Matinee, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday—any

time, children, any seat, 10c. Tel. Main 1447.

MOSCOS BURBANK THEATER—OLIVER MOROSCO, Manager.

Tonight and Balance of Week! Tonight! Mr. A. O. Seaman's Comedy Co.

"THE REAL WIDOW BROWN."

Beginning Next Sunday Evening.

"The Browns in Fairyland."

Children on the Stage—10c. Don't Miss This Production.

MUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—With Dates of Events.

LANCHARD HALL—Music Recital Friday afternoon at 3:30 p.m. May 18.

Edna Darch, and 75c; school children 25c. Seats now on sale.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—ONE HUNDRED GIGANTIC BIRDS.

Boas, Fans, Capes, Tapes and Pictures as Producer's Prices.

BASEBALL—Fiesta Park—BUNDAY, MAY 20th. Opening Southern California League. Los Angeles vs. Ariz. Admission 5c. Ladies free. Shaded seats.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

CARBONS—Every Picture a Work of Art."

Yesterdays not, today the opportunity to have

photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world.

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SHORT JOURNEY IN THE WORLD.

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Observation Cars give this a pleasant opportunity during the nights.

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WINE COMPANIES—A DOZEN BOTTLES.

allowed for the many to all parts of the world for a trial dozen.

Attention! BELGIAN WHITE

killed and wounded since the beginning of hostilities, and also how many have been captured and are now in our possession.

A bill was passed to provide for the refunding of certain money illegally assessed and collected in the district of Utah.

Mr. Platt of Connecticut, chairman of the Committee on Railroads with Cuba, said he would seek an early opportunity to reply to the speech of Mr. Lincoln of Georgia, delivered yesterday, not in opposition to the bill, but to correct some statements made by Mr. Bunn.

Mr. Webb of Colorado called up the Post Office Appropriation Bill, and its reading for amendment was begun. A committee amendment was agreed to, providing that in case the Postmaster General, in the purchase of locomotives and motors, he shall pay therefor, as an annual rental, a sum not exceeding 15 per cent of the cost thereof.

#### PNEUMATIC TUBE AGAIN.

WASHINGTON (D. C.) May 17.—A committee amendment struck out a part of the paragraph relating to the railway mail service and provided for 1612 clerks at \$1000 each; 3600 clerks at \$800 each, and 1887 clerks at \$800 each, to be appointed by the Postmaster General. A Senate Committee amendment provided for the continuance of the compensation of the mailmen, the use of locomotives and motors, he shall pay therefor, as an annual rental, a sum not exceeding 15 per cent of the cost thereof.

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THE AMERICAN COMMISSION.

WASHINGTON (D. C.) May 17.—The Industrial Commission today made a preliminary report to Congress on the subject of transportation. The commission of its inquiry, "owing to the incompleteness of its information, the bill is not prepared at present to make recommendations to Congress or to the State Legislature, but contemplates the making of such recommendations hereafter."

The report made today covers 831 pages and contains 150 tables, the larger portion of which are taken from the reports taken on the subject of transportation.

Mr. Pettigrew opposed the continuance of the bill, saying it stood a chance of reducing the compensation of the railways by at least \$15,000,000 a year. The amendment was passed over.

Mr. Bunn of North Carolina offered an amendment reducing the amount appropriated by the bill for railway transportation of the mails from \$32,000,000 to \$20,000,000.

Mr. Bunn's amendment was passed, and compensation to be paid to the railroads for the transportation of mails by at least 10 per cent per annum from the present rate.

The amendment of Mr. Butler was rejected by 41 to 41. The committee amendment extending the life of the Post Office Appropriation Bill was agreed to without division.

Mr. Butler made a point of order against the committee amendment for the continuance of the bill, pointing out that the bill was to be paid for by the railroads.

Mr. Bunn's amendment was put in.

Mr. Wolcott spoke in opposition to the bill, and Mr. Bunn's amendment was passed.

Mr. Bunn's amendment was agreed to without division.

FRIDAY, MAY 18, 1900.

[COAST RECORD]

## NOT KNOCKING THEM.

Lewis A. Hicks on the Harbor Contract.

Considers the Lowest Bidders Fully Responsible.

State Convention of Christian Endeavor. Comits Festetics Asks Divorce.

IN FORTY WIRE TO THE TIMES.

BAKERSFIELD, May 17.—[Exh.] Lewis A. Hicks of this is a member of the firm of Lindgren &amp; Hicks, general contractors and the sound lowest bidders for the Port Harbor Contract, received from Los Angeles this morning in review in the Californian, Mr. L. M. Ladd says:

"Reporting various statements of the Los Angeles papers with reference to the San Pedro Harbor contract, I wish to say that I regard that the company has been entirely right in its efforts to discredit the financial standing of the California Construction Company, whose bid was about \$60,000 lower than our own, for there is no foundation whatever in fact for such a reflection, and neither Mr. Lindgren nor myself, directly or indirectly, ever said or wrote for the statements. I am only advised as to the company's reputation as contractors, and know that it is first class. I have no doubt they will be able to finish their contract, and believe any failure on their part to successfully complete the undertaking will be due to the fact that they have not the same amount of capital as we have in the execution of plans for the extension of the work involving unseasoned and insuperable physical obstacles."

"It would, of course, be very unfortunate at this time if any experimental plan, involving uncertainties or possible delays, in completing the breakwater, or reducing the cost of the same, should be adopted. Our firm spent considerable time and money to obtain the most accurate data, and were prepared to push the work from quarries on land and at sea, at a rate of progress greatly in excess of the specifications, for the purpose of avoiding heavy penalties and caused by the cost of labor or material.

"We were paid with ample funds to pursue the Heidemeyer plant, and would be aiming to complete the work in two years, regardless of whether applications were available or not, as economy involved in the large volume of work would more than offset the cost of money as well as the low rates now prevailing."

"A remote contingency of the low being unable to give bonds we would be unable to contract the work. We have no expectation whatever of a reduction in the cost of the work, and the only method of saving at any future time would undoubtedly be bid again."

"As I am personally acquainted with Andrew McAvoy, vice-president of the California Construction Company, and in regard to his presence in Los Angeles under an assumed name, and the efforts he has been making against him, I am easily inclined to reflect on his personal character, and are not in any sense any financial standing of his."

"I was told of these circumstances by one of the Los Angeles reporters, and in absurd to suppose me the man of reports which are a matter of common knowledge in Los Angeles."

CALIFORNIA ENDEAVORERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON CONVENTION OPENS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, May 17.—The prominent hop growers of this part of the State met here today in accordance with a circular from the Oregon hop growers, urging in the combination in the United States in order to limit and regulate the output of hops, and so prevent the market from getting out of hand at any future time.

"The calling of a State convention was discussed, and one will probably be held in the near future. The proposition is for an association to be formed by not less than 75 per cent. of the growers, with the power to limit the association power to limit the amount of acreage which individual growers may cultivate."

BOND HAS LITTLE HOPE OF SECURING ENOUGH ACREAGE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, May 17.—Hedges H. G. Bond, president of the California citrus association, said today that he had little hope of securing 90 per cent. of the prune crop of the State by the 19th, the time agreed upon with the packers; that they would be several thousand acres short. He was not in favor of asking for an extension of time, but if the packers should voluntarily offer an extension the association would probably accept it.

"The calling of a State convention was discussed, and one will probably be held in the near future. The proposition is for an association to be formed by not less than 75 per cent. of the growers, with the power to limit the association power to limit the amount of acreage which individual growers may cultivate."

CALIFORNIA ENDEAVORERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

STOCKTON CONVENTION OPENS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PORTLAND, May 17.—The thirteenth session of the Christian Endeavor Union of California was called into order this evening by President Alexander at Agricultural Pavilion, San Francisco, the chairman of the delegates in the city.

A most interesting program was carried out, and the session opened with a memorial gathering, as the speakers were exceptionally good. After the formal service, some service and scripture reading, President W. R. Rose of the Committee delivered the address of welcome.

Rev. W. B. Harrison extended the invitation for the city. Orrin S. Henderson, chairman of the Board of Directors, for the conference. Rev. R. H. Fox, for the pastors and churches of Rev. W. H. G. Temple, D.D., of Seattle, Wash., responded for the conference.

The convention sermon was delivered by Rev. S. D. Hunspliller, D.D., of the Episcopal Church of San Francisco. Singing, music and a choral group made up the remainder of the program. After the convention opened an open-air band concert was given in the plaza.

Tomorrow a lecture programme will be carried out. The remainder of the conference will reach the city on the 20th, when the State Executive Committee will hold a session which much important business will transact.

DUEL OVER CARD GAME.

MAN KILLS HIS BROTHER.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.), May 17.—A special to the Times from Everett, Wash., says that E. C. Morrison shot and killed his brother, M. B. Morrison, at their home two miles east of Edmonds Wednesday. The trouble grew out of a game of cards. The men began a pistol duel at a hundred feet. Eight shots were fired, only one of which took effect. The murderer is under arrest.

OBITUARY.

Fleet P. Strother.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—Fleet P. Strother, one of the leading clergymen of the city, died today of pneumonia. He came to California in 1864 and engaged in the stock brokerage business with great success. Later he devoted his attention to political and legal work, and was elected a member of the state legislature. He was a statesman, and many times served the city as Auditor. A widow survives him.

ACCIDENT AT A FIRE.

VACONIA, May 17.—While a fire at the Auditorium was in progress last evening, a statesman, which was crowded with people watching the fire, fell, and many persons were injured, some severely. The most serious injuries were suffered by Martin, George W. Larey, Maxwell, Ralph Robinson, and Arrell.

The fire was of little importance and caused a loss of but a few thousand dollars.

BERING SEA SURVEYS.

[A. P. EARLY A.M. REPORT.]

SEATTLE (Wash.), May 17.—Under direction of Capt. J. F. Pratt of the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey, preparations are being made to control the surveying business in the Bering Sea. Interests represented in this combine are the Ladue patents owned by the United States Consolidated Seeded Raisin Company, the Forsyth, Pratt, and McConough patents. As these patents cover every known device, it is contended by those

who are of little importance and caused a loss of but a few thousand dollars.

BERING SEA SURVEYS.

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SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—A combination was effected today by the various owners of patents on raisin seed extractors whereby they will control the business in the Bering Sea. Interests represented in this combine are the Ladue patents owned by the United States Consolidated Seeded Raisin Company, the Forsyth, Pratt, and McConough patents. As these patents cover every known device, it is contended by those

## Los Angeles Daily Times.

## SOUTH AFRICA.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE]

Geodetic Survey in Alaskan waters have been almost completed for the season. The principal work will be done by the Pathfinder and the Pathfinder, the latter being commanded by Capt. Pratt, who is a recognized authority on Alaskan waters. It is the policy of the department to avoid this kind of work, and the investigation in Bering Sea easy and profitable to merchants. The coast is a terra incognita at this time, and the account of the increasing amount of traffic between Seattle, Nome and York, there is a big demand from mariners for information concerning those waters.

ASHLAND MAN'S END. SUICIDE BY THE ROPE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

OKLAHOMA CITY, May 17.—Joseph R. Sampson, a prominent business man of Ashland, a small town about fifteen miles east of this city, was found hanging in a shed in the rear of his home about a block from the railroad. He committed suicide. He was discovered by his wife, who went to call him to breakfast. No cause for the deed is known. He leaves a wife and three children. At the time of his death he was president of the local council Y. M. C. A. and a prominent member of the Portuguese Union.

Marrow-gauge Train Derailed.

SANTA CRUZ, May 17.—The open switch caused the narrow-gauge train from San Francisco to be derailed. The engine, tender and forward wheels of the baggage car left the track. No other damage was done. Some of the passengers were shaken up.

WELLS-FARGO SUIT FILED TO RECOVER.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—The decision of the Supreme Court rendered yesterday, holding that bonds of quasi-public character, which had been issued by the San Pedro Harbor contract, received from Los Angeles this morning in review in the Californian, Mr. Ladd says:

"Reporting various statements of the Los Angeles papers with reference to the San Pedro Harbor contract, I wish to say that I regard that the company has been entirely right in its efforts to discredit the financial standing of the California Construction Company, whose bid was about \$60,000 lower than our own, for there is no foundation whatever in fact for such a reflection, and neither Mr. Lindgren nor myself, directly or indirectly, ever said or wrote for the statements. I am only advised as to the company's reputation as contractors, and know that it is first class. I have no doubt they will be able to finish their contract, and believe any failure on their part to successfully complete the undertaking will be due to the fact that they have not the same amount of capital as we have in the execution of plans for the extension of the work involving unseasoned and insuperable physical obstacles."

CASE AGAINST THE EXPES.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—Atty. Gen. Ford today gave out the information that the papers in the legal action, to be brought against the Southern Pacific Company to enforce the terms of the Rialto and Compton in the Fresno rate matter, will be filed on Friday.

COUNTS WANTS A DIVORCE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—Divorce proceedings were begun here today by Ella, Countess Festetics, against Rudolph, Count Festetics. In her petition, the Countess alleges desertion, failure to provide and cruel treatment. After the trial, the case will be referred to a referee to decide whether or not the Countess is entitled to a divorce.

FLANNELLY TO BE RESENTENCED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—The Redwood City murderer, who was sentenced to death for the murder of his father, Patrick Flannelly, was sentenced to death for the murder of his father, Patrick Flannelly, and Sheriff McAvoy of San Mateo, October 17.

PASSENGERS FOR CAPE NOVA.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—The steamer San Pedro sailed for Cape Nova today with nearly three hundred passengers. The vessel is bound for the San Bias and the Zealandia, Monday. The latter vessel will take over seven hundred passengers.

SEED RAISER'S ESTATE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN JOSE, May 17.—L. M. Morris today petitioned in the Probate Court for letters of administration upon the estate of his father, L. Morris, who died in 1895. The estate includes the largest seed farm in the world, is valued at \$37,000. The heirs are the widow and four children.

BLACKSMITH FOUND DEAD.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SACRAMENTO, May 17.—Hugh Morrison, a partner of D. C. Morrison in the hosiery and blacksmithing business, was found dead this morning in the cellar of the establishment, evidently from the effects of poison self-administered. His death occurred a week ago. Financial troubles, resulting in drink, are assigned as the cause. He leaves a wife and two daughters.

FIVE VESSELS FOR NOVA.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE, May 17.—The steamer South Portland, schooner, and the schooner and A. D. Campbell, and the steamer Skookum sailed for Nome yesterday. Only one, the South Portland, carried passengers. The Skookum, after numerous delays, was towed to sea tonight by the tug Richard Holyoke. She has by far the most valuable cargo of the lot.

CAPE NOVA RAILROAD.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—Articles of incorporation of the Nome Railroad company, which is to be incorporated with a circular from the Oregon hop growers, urging in the combination in the United States in order to limit and regulate the output of hops, and so prevent the market from getting out of hand at any future time.

"The calling of a State convention was discussed, and one will probably be held in the near future. The proposition is for an association to be formed by not less than 75 per cent. of the growers, with the power to limit the association power to limit the amount of acreage which individual growers may cultivate."

DISCOVERED TO BE LOST.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SANTA CRUZ, May 17.—This morning A. P. Hill, a San Jose photographer, who left Boulder Creek last night with a party of ten others to take a walk in the mountains, was found dead this morning. The party had run into a North Fork of Anvil Creek, in Alaska. The same persons have incorporated the Wild Goose Railroad Company with \$100,000 capital.

CONFERRING OF THE PALLIUM.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

PORTLAND (Or.), May 17.—The ceremony of conferring the pallium upon Rev. Christopher, the archbishop of Oregon, was performed today at St. Mary's Cathedral. High Mass was celebrated by Monsignor Martin, papal delegate to the United States. The pallium was rung in Northward over the altar. The ceremony for the purpose of conferring the pallium was performed by the Rev. O'Dea, bishop of the Diocese of Spokane.

THE RACE FOR BISHOP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CHICAGO, May 17.—Dr. William C. Kelley of the East New York conference, leading candidate for bishop, addressed a formal letter to his friends to withdraw from the field. His withdrawal gave rise to a report of a combination by Dr. Spelman and Dr. Berry. According to the story told, the plan is to elect the former as the conference representative, and the latter as the successor.

DR. KELLEY WITHDRAWS FROM THE RACE FOR BISHOP.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, May 17.—The Rev. Christopher, the archbishop of the Diocese of Spokane, has withdrawn from the race for the episcopacy of the Diocese of New York. He has been a candidate for the episcopacy of the Diocese of New York for several years.

EXHIBIT TURNED OVER TO PARIS EXPOSITION AUTHORITIES.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, May 17.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Secretary of State for India, Mr. Chamberlain, and Sir Alfred Milner, are gratified at the news which the Indian government has subscribed for the widows and orphans of the Indian soldiers.

THE INDIAN FAMINE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

WAGES AS WELL AS FOOD ARE INVOLVED.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

LONDON, May 17.—A. T. Ambrose, business manager of the Argus of this city, has been elected to the board of the Society of Arts today, referring to the terrible effects of the famine, said:

"It must not be forgotten that it is a wage famine, as well as a food famine. Therefore, it presses more heavily on the poor before and it is the duty of the government to try to multiply and diversify the industries of India. With this view the Indian government was placing contracts in India wherever possible, not with brokers, but with actual producers."

THE INDIAN FAMINE.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

CINCH ON RAISIN SEEDERS.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SAN FRANCISCO, May 17.—A combination was effected today by the various owners of patents on raisin seed extractors whereby they will control the business in the Bering Sea. Interests represented in this combine are the Ladue patents owned by the United States Consolidated Seeded Raisin Company, the Forsyth, Pratt, and McConough patents. As these patents cover every known device, it is contended by those

## SOUTH AFRICA.

[CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE]

interested that it will be impossible to seed raisins by machinery without infringing upon some one of the principles covered by them.

BANK ROBBER PLADS OULTRY.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

SEATTLE, May 17.—John Collins, who robbed the First National Bank of this city of \$5000 some weeks ago, pleaded guilty to the crime today. Lawrence Parker, his alleged partner, is on trial.

INTERESTED IN BERING SEA.

[A. P. NIGHT REPORT.]

ASHLAND MAN'S END. SUICIDE BY THE ROPE.

[A. P. DAY REPORT.]

OKLAHOMA CITY, May 17.—Joseph R. Sampson, a prominent business man of Ash

## (POLITICAL)

**BARKER BEATS BRYAN****Middle-of-the-Road  
Vote Counts.****Democrats Have Chosen the  
Wrong Candidate.****One Fare to the Philadelphia Conven-  
tion—Montana Republicans.****Political Parties Organize and a De-  
legate to Congress is Chosen.****(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)****WICHITA, May 17.—Wharton****Barker, nominee of the "Middle-of-  
the-Road" Populists for President,****called on President McKinley to speak****his respects. These gentlemen have****known each other ever since the latter****entered public life. Later Mr. Barker****said that his nomination makes the****selection of Mr. Bryan impossible.****"At the present time," said Mr. Barker,****"we have 1,000,000 Populists."****"Of this number, at least 2,000,****000 were Populists. This year I will****not use 1,000,000, or possibly 1,750,000 of****that number. That will cut Bryan's****vote to 5,000,000 or less. Where is he****going to get the other votes necessary****to elect him?"****"It is estimated that Mr. McKinley****received 1,500,000 votes from the Demo-  
cratic ranks four years ago. That****will be enough to make up the****deficit of 1,000,000. If Governor****or some other eastern man had****been nominated by the Democrats this****year, he would carry New York, New****Jersey, Maryland and Delaware in the****East, not to count doubtful States****nowhere else. The fight this year will****be made on the money question—****Transportation, expansion and other****live subjects will make up the issues."****ONE FARE TO PHILADELPHIA.****(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)****WASHINGTON, May 17.—All rail-****roads have agreed to a rate of one fare****for the round trip for the Republi-****can convention at Philadelphia.****ROBERTSON CITED.****(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)****OMAHA, May 17.—A special from****Lincoln says the Supreme Court has****called Edward Rosewater of the Omaha****law to appear June 5 and answer for****contempt, based on the publication in****the *Beaumont* of four articles relating to****the administration of George Poynier****and Judge Holcomb with the pending fire****and police commission case.****MRS. DEWEY COMES OFF.****ADMIRAL WILL NOT RUN.****(BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)****WASHINGTON, May 17.—According****to reports, to group many****admirals contemplated an early****withdrawal from the Presidential race.****If he may be regarded as it.****It is also said that Mrs. Dewey has****changed her mind about having her****husband run for President. All of Mrs.****Dewey's conversation circles around****the question that domestic life****is the happiest lot, and that she and****the admiral would prefer the quiet of****Albuquerque to the plaudits of the multi-****ende.****REMARKABLE CONVENTION.****GREAT SCENE AT LOUISVILLE.****(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)****LOUISVILLE (Ky.) May 17.—The****Republican State Convention met here****this afternoon, and after a session of****nine hours, with two hours' intermission,****elected four delegates to the national****convention, four alternates and two****Presidential electors and instructed****them to vote for McKinley for Presi-****dent and W. B. Bradley of Kentucky****for Vice-President.****The convention elected Gov. W. B.****Gaylor and ex-Gov. W. B. Bradley dele-****gates to the Philadelphia convention****and acclamation. George Denby of****Albuquerque, New Mexico, was elected****to the national convention.****REMARKABLE CONVENTION.****GREAT SCENE AT LOUISVILLE.****(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)****LOUISVILLE (Ky.) May 17.—The****Republican State Convention met this****morning, and J. K. Wood of Missouri****was made temporary chairman.****Speaking of the state of affairs he****said the success of the Republic-****an party would make impossible any re-****petition of the disgruntled right in the****Democratic party which had made****the name of Montana a stench all over****the country.****The platform commands the adminis-****tration of President McKinley, calls****for the reelection of Senator Carter,****denounces trusts, and local affairs****"We denounce in unmeasured terms****the betrayal of Republican principles****by the seven Republicans who****defected to the election of a Democ-****rat in the state of affairs he****had the support of the****United States Senate.****"We denounce in unmeasured terms****the statement recently****made in the United States Senate that****90 per cent. of the people of Montana****favor a Democratic United States Sen-****ator, no matter who he is."****Speaking of the people of Montana, if****given the opportunity, will send as our****representatives, two Republican Sen-****ators."****A minority report approved the ac-****tion of the Republicans in Albany this****evening.****NEW LAW NEEDED.****(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)****WASHINGTON, May 17.—The Post****tomorrow will say that Congress must****come to the aid of the administration****in bringing C. F. W. Neely, the Cuban****defaulter, to justice. A new law**

of those who did. The majority report was adopted without division. Senator Davis, of the United States Senator, was elected delegate and chairman of the delegation by a rising vote.

The other five delegates elected by acclamation are C. W. Goodale of Canada, Henry D. D. of Dawson, David E. Polson of Meagher, Tyler R. W. Wood of Milwaukee and John F. Porte of Silver Bow. Among the alternates elected were McKay, Hedges and Lindsey, who were among the members of the Legislature who refused to vote for Clark with the other Republicans.

must be enacted and enacted at once, which will then be given the go-ahead and must be closed. Every loophole of escape must be closed.

Atty. Gen. Griggs has already made his appeal to Congress. Yesterday he appeared before the Senate Committee on Judiciary, and to Congressman Ray, chairman of the similar committee of the House, a copy of the bill was given to the latter. The bill is to be introduced in the House to the present situation.

He accompanied the bill with a strong letter, pointing out the necessity for its prompt passage. The bill is to provide for the extension of the laws of the United States to extraterritorial territories with which the United States has treaties of alliance.

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## REPORTING RECORD.

**YELLOW TAIL WINS.**  
Other Cracks Did not Show Well.

Good Time Made in the Inaugural Handicap.

Where the Only Morris Park Favorite to Win—Ball.

11/2 NIGHT REPORT.]

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The St. Louis Fair Association inaugurated its annual spring and summer meeting to-day with very favorable auspices.

The day was filled with the sports, but the track was for a few moments closed, owing to the rains of the night before, and in consequence poor time was made.

A big crowd was present, notwithstanding the poor transportation facilities to the fair grounds and condition of affairs being caused by the street-cleaning. Eighteen hundred spectators turned out and did a good business.

The only classic event on the card—the inaugural handicap—brought out a field of six only, fair-weather horses. Yellow Tail, the California-bred colt, was the only high-class animal in the bunch, and on account of his good form, even though he was not the flying leader, Yellow Tail was given the post an open length in advance of Turfie and he one and a half lengths in front of Duke of Baden.

The time, 1:44, was the best ever recorded on the track.

Second: Yellow Tail, 1:45; Duke of Baden, 1:46; Turfie, 1:47.

Four furlongs: Fred Hastings, 4 to 1, second; Duke of Baden, 4 to 1, third; Duke of Baden, 4 to 1, fourth; Duke of Baden, 4 to 1, fifth; Duke of Baden, 4 to 1, sixth.

Five furlongs: Miss Mae Day, 1:45; Lord Lovell, 1:46; Eiderlin, 1:47.

Lord Lovell won, Lovida second, on the highway third; time 1:45%.

NUCED HOSE AND NOSE.

EXCELLENT WON.

11/2 NIGHT REPORT.]

ATLANTIC CITY, May 17.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—Thought we were starting to the mile when we were dived down in Tom's famous track dual between Tom's three-year-old colt His Excellency and the great handicap horse, now four years old, lately sold by Mr. H. H. Miller for \$10,000 to millionaire S. S. K. of Pittsburgh. The colt, in the first race, matched on one mile, and at the finish they were leading it out for a sixteenth of a mile, won and nose. His Excellency received a great cheer from the spectators, as he got his nostrils beat in the last.

His Excellency: His Excellency and his handicap; His Excellency, 1:46; and鼻, 1:47.

Four furlongs: Crinklin, Brightie second; Ascalia, third; time 1:14%.

Five furlongs: His Excellency, 1:46; and鼻, 1:47.

Four furlongs: Flaubert, won, The Fox in third; Lake Ponson third; time 1:46.

Five furlongs: His Excellency, 1:46; and鼻, 1:47.

Four furlongs: Possum, won, 1:46; and鼻, 1:47.

Five furlongs: Plantain, third; time 1:46.

Four furlongs: Lennep, won, 1:46; and鼻, 1:47.

Five furlongs: Gibraltar, third; time 1:46.

KEPT OPEN TOO LATE.

YOU MAY LOSE LICENSURE.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, May 17.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—The New York Anti-Saloon League has commenced proceedings in Supreme Court that if successful, will deprive Jim Corbett, John L. Sullivan, and "Kid" McCoy of their liquor license.

It is charged by the advocacy that the saloon-keepers have violated the law in that they have sold beer by the glass, which is prohibited by the law.

The cases were all called before Justice Andrews this morning, but none could be taken up. That of Sullivan was not until Monday.

Other saloon-keepers have proceeded against, and some of these were taken up today. The case against the saloon-keepers was dismissed, and raised other legal points, but Justice Andrews ruled in favor of the Anti-Saloon League.

NOTICE ON LIEUT. GIBSON.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

ATLANTIC CITY, May 17.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—Charles H. Smith, owner of Lieut. Gibson, tonight with the sporting editor of "The Courier-Journal" a certified check for a \$5000 wage.

Lieut. Gibson can beat any horse in the world, right or left, at one and a half, the race to take place at the track offering the purse, \$1000. Smith said he bars no outsider for Jeff.

NOTICE ON LIEUT. GIBSON.

NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

ATLANTIC CITY, May 17.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—The arrangements for a two-year contest between Jim Jeff and either Peter Maher or Joe

Goddard at the Madison Square Garden. The match makes of the Twentieth Century Club, as the organization will be known, had a talk with Billy Brady and the articles of agreement were signed. It is not probable, however, that the two will meet the champion, for the Irishman told a reporter that he has not been well, and that he would not be any fighting for some time to come.

CHESBRO LOST THE GAME.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

PITTSBURGH, May 17.—Chesbro lost the game, the first running by letting in three runs on three hits, a wild pitch and a base on balls. The attendance was 4500. Score: Philadelphia, 8; hits, 11; errors, 1. Batteries—Chesbro, Waddell and Sizer; Pitts and McFarland.

Umpire—Hurst.

BROOKLYN—CINCINNATI.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

CINCINNATI, May 17.—Kiltan was hit hard all through the game, but the marvelous work of the visitors' infield cut down many hits and stopped the ball. The attendance was 4500. Score: Cincinnati, 2; hits, 10; errors, 2. Brooklyn, 4; hits, 8; errors, 0. Batteries—Haus and Pfeifer; Atkinson and McGuire. Umpire—Ehrle.

POSTPONED GAMES.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

CHICAGO, May 17.—Chicago game postponed on account of wet ground.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—No ball game today; rain.

CLEVELAND—MINNEAPOLIS.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

CLEVELAND, May 17.—Cleveland,

14; Minnesota, 0.

INDIANAPOLIS WON.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

INDIANAPOLIS, May 17.—Indiana's 14 to 8. Taylor showed his class by winning all the way. Nandora was beaten beaten at the quarter, but the balance of the field remained behind behind the California cost all the way to the wire.

Yellow Tail, the California-bred colt, was the only high-class animal in the bunch, and on account of his good form, even though he was not the flying leader, Yellow Tail was given the post an open length in advance of Turfie and he one and a half lengths in front of Duke of Baden.

The time, 1:44, was the best ever recorded on the track.

The Flying Handicap.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—No ball game today; rain.

BUFFALO—N. Y., May 17.—Buffalo, 2; hits, 5; Milwaukee, 6.

MILLBROOK—BUFFALO.

(A. P. NIGHT REPORT.)

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 17.—Buffalo, 2; hits, 5; Milwaukee, 6.

MILLIONAIRE MANNING.

BILLY SAYS HE IS RICH.

(NOT DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.)

DETROIT, May 17.—(Exclusive Dispatch.)—Billy Manning, the former pugilist, is again on Fifth avenue with a pocket full of ready money. According to the story of himself and friends, he is on a big winning in Randsburg mines.

He is to make a visit to California before he again returns to California.

It seems that the first Mrs. Manning, now dead, bought some fruit land near Los Angeles, years ago, and recently on it was found a \$10,000 gold.

He is a big winner in Randsburg mines.

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## Columns of Bargains Offered in The Times.

### PHOSPHO FOODS

Are made from select parts of grains rich in phosphates and aminoacids; that's why they make blood, brain, heart, lungs, etc. They are thoroughly cooked and dehydrated; that's why they cure dyspepsia, brain fever, and nervous prostration. Phospho foods are perfect for invalids; that's what children thrive on them. Delicious, nutritious, and the doctors recommend them. At all grocers.

### MANY HANDSOME

New designs in ladies' belt buckles, and a complete line of the newest things in glowing silver novelties.

Diamonds, gold, NORDLINGER,

109 South Spring St. The Jeweler.

### STRICTLY PURE WINES.

The well-known peerless gold medal wines offered by the Southern California Wine Company are warranted to be the best in the world. They are of the highest quality and are sold everywhere. Use only the Peerless Brand.

THE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA WINE CO., Tel. M. 322 106 W. Fourth St.

### WALL PAPER.

The prices we offer will sell the goods: good white back paper, 3½ cents per roll; will hang paper for 7½ cents per roll; 10x12 room at \$2.50 each; if three or more rooms at one place; big cut on all papers. Cash. Wall Paper Store, 420 S. Broadway.

### THE OIL INDUSTRY.

#### THE AMERICAN GIRL.

Offices, 247 Wilcox building, city. The officers of the company will with pleasure give applicants full particulars of the splendid prospects of this company. The oil and gas of the unclaimed oil land has been tested on very favorable terms, and a choice piece has been reserved for development by the company. There are absolutely no nonassessable. Par value \$1 each. Call or write about this.

#### NO GRASS GROWS UNDER

The fact of the manager of the Hercules Oil Producing Company. He has two wells under completed, pumping oil and gas. The oil and gas are made for drilling other wells. Mr. Dunham is now in Sunset district; expect to begin drilling on our property in a few weeks. Shares selling at 25 cents; one quart, 40 cents. Bricks to order, \$1.50 per gallon. Special prices for wholesale dealers, churches, benevolent organizations, public, etc. Telephone main 372. Wells Candy Co., 447 S. Spring St.

#### INVESTMENT.

If you look for a safe, profitable and conservative oil investment, it will pay you to investigate the merits of the Hercules Oil Company's stock.

The company has very large oil lands, a patent process, materially cheapening refining, which will prove most valuable and pay large profits. Correspondence invited if you can't call at the office, Stimson Block.

#### HOLDINGS IN EVERY KNOWN OIL BELT.

We have a fine selection of the latest patent oil wells, tortoise shell, silver and silver gilt, tortoise shell, silver and without spring, gold and solid gold lorgnette chains and offered them at special reduced prices for novelties. We also have the same and ocular prescriptions carefully filled.

#### ADOLF FRESE.

Manufacturing Optician, "Phone main 1942; 128 S. Spring street.

#### LORGNETTES.

We have a fine selection of the latest patent oil wells, tortoise shell, silver and silver gilt, tortoise shell, silver and without spring, gold and solid gold lorgnette chains and offered them at special reduced prices for novelties. We also have the same and ocular prescriptions carefully filled.

#### NON-INTOXICANT MISSION MALT TONIC.

Ada digestion, strengthens the weak, and is a boon for those suffering from pulmonary and throat troubles. An ideal beverage for brain workers. For sale by all druggists.

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# Los Angeles Daily Times.

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HARRY CHANDLER..... Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.  
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## The Los Angeles Times

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AND WEEKLY MAGAZINE.  
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NEWS SERVICE.—Full Associated Press Night Report, covering the globe; from 12,000 to 15,000 words daily.  
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### TEN DOLLARS REWARD.

The Times offers a reward of \$10 in cash for the apprehension, arrest and evidence which leads to conviction of any person caught stealing copies of The Times from the premises of sub-scribers.

### THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

THE WORLD'S CREDITOR.  
Up to within four years ago the shipment of gold from New York to Europe was regarded with a good deal of apprehension on the part of American bankers. During the last few weeks small shipments have been made, the total to date aggregating several millions, but financiers look upon the movement with the utmost complacency.

Why this change of sentiment?

Previous to the last four years, as a rule, gold was sent abroad to pay debts we owed in Europe. It was a case of peremptory demand made on us to settle up, and we had to do it whether well prepared or not. We were a debt nation. The gold now being shipped is in the way of a loan. Europe is asking us to accommodate her at so much per cent. We do it or not as it suits us to be convenient. The money that went to pay debts could not be recalled at will, and bears no interest for us. The money loaned may be recalled when we want it, and bearing interest on our account while it is away from home.

That we have become a creditor among the nations is shown by these facts. In 1896 the imports of gold into the United States exceeded the exports by \$21,000,000. In 1897 the excess was \$10,000,000. In 1898, \$25,000,000. In three years we have got back \$60,000,000 more gold than we sent out. In the seven years preceding 1897 we exported more of the basic money metal than we imported.

Another fact, which proves we are a creditor to the nations, is that the rate of interest is lower in New York than at any other great financial center in the world. In New York, time money ranges at 2 to 4 per cent. Six-months' money has been loaned freely in that city at the lower figure. Cities like Providence, R. I., can borrow money on 3 per cent bonds at a premium. The new English loan bears bearing 2 to 4 per cent, interest has been quoted very recently at 10, while United States 2 per cent was quoted at 8 to 9.

A considerable block of this English war loan was taken in this country, and within a few months, when the Russian government wanted to borrow money, it was sought for in New York. Yesterday France borrowed \$15,000,000 there.

How has this great change been wrought?

Partly by the great increase in the production of silver and gold in this country. Last year the silver mines of the United States turned out 45,000,000 ounces of that metal. The gold coin of this nation is added to some months by nearly \$10,000,000. The annual production of the two metals is worth close to \$100,000,000.

The other influence which has made this nation a creditor to the others is the very large increase in the volume and value of our exports. The balance of trade in our favor in the last six years foots up thus: 1894, \$37,000,000; 1895, \$36,000,000; 1896, \$103,000,000; 1897, \$85,000,000; 1898, \$15,000,000; 1899, \$39,000,000. The six years foot up to a total in our favor of \$165,000,000. In 1893 the balance was against us by \$10,000,000.

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Answer. (1) William P. Frye of Maine. (2) Yes. (3) No. Senator Clark of Montana appears to have played a trump card, and there's no telling how many more he has up his sleeve. The game of politics is as full of surprises and bluffs, and other intricacies, as an old-fashioned game of draw poker.

Wood alcohol is one of the most effective instrumentalities at the command of the fool-killer, illustration of which fact has just been given by a party of miners near Johnston, Pa., who indulged in a beer at a saloon.

The building of the Nicaragua Canal is a necessary part of the policy of expansion. If the Senate has, as is claimed, a large majority favorable to the enterprise, and if that majority has "the courage of its convictions," the Hepburn Bill, which passed the House by a majority of 25 to 35, will become law. The bill, extending northward toward the cañon.

The building of the Pacific railroad is a necessary part of the policy of expansion. If the Senate has, as is claimed, a large majority favorable to the enterprise, and if that majority has "the courage of its convictions," the Hepburn Bill, which passed the House by a majority of 25 to 35, will become law.

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# The Public Service: Doings in the Local Government Departments.

## EVENTS OF THE DAY.

The case of Lola Pratt against Dr. Pratt, for the recovery of thousands of dollars worth of property, is set for trial in Judge Alton's court yesterday and was continued until next Wednesday.

The Supreme Court has handed down three opinions that reached her yesterday.

Maurice Bell, Jr., the defaulting witness in the Mrs. William Pierce assault case, was taken into Judge Shatto's court yesterday, and contempt proceedings instituted.

Nellie Torr began suit yesterday to recover her marriage at sea with William E. Torr, in 1894.

Charles B. McCoy was looked up in the County Jail yesterday from Newhall, on a charge with assault to maim his wife.

The effort to secure a House for a station in the immediate vicinity of the Newsboys Home is certain to fail for the reason that the existing ordinances of the city forbid the granting of a House for a saloon there, it being without the district in which it is proposed to grant it.

The Southern Railway Company has informed the City Clerk of its intention to immediately double-track Sixth street, between Olive and Figueroa streets. The work will probably be done at the same time that the streetcar lines are replaced.

Justice Austin yesterday held Albert H. Bell to answer the charge of forging his father's name to a bogus check. The same court fined A. H. Brown, 100 dollars, for violating a city closing ordinance.

W. W. Owens, Adolph Peterson and Ira West, three men who are alleged to have been in and robbery H. W. Maxwell in Mott, were arraigned before Justice Morgan on the charge of grand larceny.

## [AT THE COURTHOUSE.]

### WIFE AGAINST HUSBAND.

### Urge to Decide Bickering Over Property Interests.

Mrs. Pratt Says Dr. Pratt Should Account for Thousands.

A little more testimony still remains to be elicited in the mixed-up property affairs of Lola A. Pratt and Charles Pratt, her husband; and, after a hearing at different times that it is the aggregate would cover a period of several days, Judge Alton yesterday continued the case again until Wednesday, at which time it is hoped the arguments will be completed.

Pratt, who is a physician and surgeon, married his wife at Detroit, Mich., on December 29, 1874, but their wedded life has not always been happy, and now Mrs. Pratt is suing her husband for an accounting. Other defendants in the action are her father-in-law, Dr. F. Pratt; her son, Herbert S. Pratt, and the National Bank of California.

Besides Herbert, who is now of age, the fruits of the marriage are two minor daughters, Florence, 18, and Anna.

In May, 1882, Mrs. Pratt's mother, Anna L. Clarke, died in Detroit, leaving her to her heir and left an amount said to be her worth of about \$20,000. It cost about \$4000 to wind up the administration of Mrs. Clarke's affairs. In September, 1882, she was taken charge of by Dr. Pratt, with his wife's consent, and, who says, in trust for her.

This amount of money, she alleges, he has ever since kept from her, investing, selling, and exchanging the same at his own pleasure, without any account to her, and, in 1886, he sold it, with the exception of an investment of about \$8000 in property in this city situated in the Millitmore tract.

After the sale, Dr. Pratt bought some lots out on Washington street and erected a \$4000 residence thereon. This property, Mrs. Pratt now says, was given to him by her son, for whom he had no right to have it, and he sold it, with the exception of an investment of about \$2000 on the Millitmore tract property to her father-in-law.

Mrs. Pratt then relates in her complaint a batch of cruel threats alleged to have been made by Dr. Pratt, and to have been directed against her and her husband, and a sum of \$1000 was given to him by her son, for whom he had no right to have it, and he sold it, with the exception of an investment of about \$2000 on the Millitmore tract property to her father-in-law.

Since 1886, she alleges, her husband and his father-in-law have had the use and profits of the place, although they knew it to be hers, and that her husband had no money before she came into the property.

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says, he has had to spend in the administration of her affairs.

The case is, in reality, a complicated one, and may not be decided for several days yet.

## SUPREME COURT.

THREE OPINIONS YESTERDAY.

Three opinions from the Supreme Court of California reached the local court yesterday.

In the case of the Anaheim Union Water Company and others against the Jarvis Land and Water Company and others, the order made by the Superior Court of the county of Orange, changing the place of trial from that county to the Superior Court of Los Angeles county, is affirmed. The defendant was the Anaheim, who appealed the case taken in Riverside to San Bernardino county.

The case taken to the Supreme Court by the defendant in the case of S. D. Ballou, assignee of Greenberg Bros. corporation, against the Andrews Banking Company, has been won again by the plaintiff. The action was brought by the defendant for the recovery of certain assets and book accounts alleged to have been fraudulently transferred to defendant within one month prior to the filing of the suit. The trial was tried by a jury and a verdict rendered for plaintiff for \$106,15. Judgment was accordingly entered. The appeal was taken by the defendant, and an order denying motion for a new trial.

Judgment of the lower court in the case of Christopher & Sparks, confectioners and dealers against Nichols, a grocery and hardware store, was affirmed. The action was for the recovery of certain assets and book accounts alleged to have been fraudulently transferred to defendant within one month prior to the filing of the suit. The trial was tried by a jury and a verdict rendered for plaintiff for \$106,15. Judgment was accordingly entered. The appeal was taken by the defendant, and an order denying motion for a new trial.

JUDGMENT OF THE LOWER COURT IN THE CASE OF CHRISTOPHER & SPARKS, CONFECTIONERS AND DEALERS AGAINST NICHOLS, A GROCERY AND HARDWARE STORE.

W.C.T.U. PETITION. The Santa Monica Women's Christian Temperance Union has filed to sell certain of its real estate in the seaside village.

## [AT THE CITY HALL]

### SECURE AGAINST A SALOON.

### Law Protects the Newsboys' Home Thoroughly.

### License Could Not be Granted by the Police Board.

It will not be necessary for the ladies interested in the Newsboys' Home to appear at the next meeting of the Board of Police Commissioners, and protest against the granting of the license to the Newsboys Home almost at short order. The commissioners, in their opinion, will not grant it. It would not be, even if it were possible, that they should petition for it, because the Board of Police Commissioners cannot grant it. The reason is that the Newsboys' Home, in their opinion, was granted a license to the Whittier Reform School. After his graduation, he married an estimable young woman, possessed of considerable property, but his wife died at her time, has been such that she was obliged to have him placed in jail. During his present trouble she is staying with him and seems to be very concerned as to his fate. He himself has been in various scrapes before, but this is the most serious charge that he has yet had to make.

Mr. Threlkeld, president of the Newsboys' Home, was at work yesterday, circulating the petition to the commissioners for the granting of the license. In a short time, he secured sixty signatures, among them being those of some of the most prominent business and professional men of the city. It was necessary, she would be able to secure several hundred signatures.

JUSTICE MORGAN'S COURT.

ALLEGED ROBBERS ARRAIGNED.

In Justice Morgan's court yesterday, W. W. Owens, Adolph Peterson and Ira West, the three men who were arrested in connection with the assault and robbery of H. W. Maxwell, in Mott Alley Tuesday night, were arraigned.

Each was given a preliminary examination set for May 19.

Fred Irvin, who has been out on his own recognizance since April 18, failed to appear for trial on the charge of battery. His attorney explained that he had not been able to get a bench warrant for his arrest was issued.

Henry Marx was fined \$10 for disturbing the peace of a family named Lockridge.

Joe Babase was given a sentence of thirty-five days for vagrancy.

E. L. Miller, a fisherman, was conducting an auction sale without a license.

W. L. Hiller was fined \$2 for riding a bicycle on a public sidewalk.

W. H. Park, of 1115 Main street, Monroe Ellington and Earl Ramsey, newsboys, were on trial for disturbing the peace in an alley in the city of the Record.

They were under protest of the law.

They were charged with using language while marching over a game of craps. The youngsters all denied the charge.

No Acceptance Required.

It will not be necessary for the Terminal or the Traction companies to file with the City Clerk formal acceptance to their franchises, according to the City Council.

But the laying of track on the streets included in the franchises will be considered an acceptance.

Even if that is accepted, the Terminal

will not be compelled to transfer to the city with reference to the

terms of the franchise.

DREDGE FOR IMPERIAL CANAL.

The California Development Company yesterday purchased a two-yard dipper dredge, now afloat on the Colorado River near Yuma. It will be put to work immediately, constructing the Imperial Canal, commencing on the Colorado River, just north of the Colorado River, and extending to the San Diego county line in San Diego county. The dredge will be run night and day, when started and is capable of handling 3000 yards of dirt every twenty-four hours.

The work is estimated to be completed by the 1st of October of this year. This

will enable the company to draw water at the Imperial settlement between Salton and New Rivers, near Calexico, L.A., about forty miles west of the canal head.

There is a natural channel, a natural

channel to convey the water for a distance of about fifty miles.

FITTING AND APPROPRIATE WAY.

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ute, if you value your complexion.

LAUNDRY.

Laundries.

</div

MAY 18, 1900.

**Wife Weary of Life.**  
Newcomb Thought She  
Wanted to Die.  
And Her Husband Will Visit Her  
Mother-in-Law.

I used to kill myself because my husband does not care for me and there is nothing for me to live for," said Mrs. Mrs. V. Newcomb, a widow, yesterday afternoon, after she had finally tried to produce the sleep of death by taking a dose of laudanum. "I do not care what becomes of me after that."

The mother-in-law lives at Shenandoah, Iowa, and Mrs. Newcomb is anxious to return to her husband does, but she said the latter will try to protect her mother against her if he goes to see her first. Newcomb's desire again to live on the contributions of the husband's wife is the contributory cause of the wife's story she told. According to the wife's story she is Newcomb was born February 10, 1878, in a harbor and she has never been a woman before. Her honey-moon was not ended before she discovered that she had married a man who had a chronic disease and could not support him. She loved him and toiled for him until his death when he had made his home with her. The man she said, had been drinking heavily for her, and made life uncomfortable for her. While her husband was spending all of his money that he had, he had no savings in a savings bank. Newcomb only discovered yesterday that she had a bank account in the name of her husband, and he could go back to Iowa to his mother. She declined to let him have the money, and they quarreled.

The quarrel she made up her mind that her husband did not love her and conceived the idea to end his life with poison. Securing a sum of money from her savings in a savings bank, Newcomb only discovered yesterday that she had a bank account in the name of her husband, and he could go back to Iowa to his mother. She declined to let him have the money, and they quarreled.

(RAILROAD RECORD.)

**SUMMER EXCURSIONS.**

**SANTA FE ARRANGES FOR SOME GOING TO MOUNT LOWE.**

The Santa Fe is putting out a series of interesting circulars bearing upon summer excursions to seaside points in Southern California. These excursions will begin on Monday of each week from May 24 to August 26. Tickets will be at reduced rates, and good for ninety days. All points between San Diego and Santa Monica are included. The tickets will be sold at stations between Albuquerque and Daggett. The round trip prices range at from \$10 at Daggett to \$35 at Albuquerque. From points in Southern California from summer excursions to the Rockies will be run to San Diego. The dates will be June 23 and 25, July 3 and 4, August 3 and 4, and September 7 and 8.

The Mt. Lowe Railway expects to take a large number of the clerical and lay delegates to the Episcopal convention to the top of the mountains today.

**A HANDBEAD MEDALLION.**

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**ABSOLUTE SECURITY.**

**Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.**

Must bear signature of

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See Fanc-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and easy to take as sugar.

**CARTER'S LIVER PILLS.**

FOR HEADACHE, FOR DIZZINESS, FOR BILIOUSNESS, FOR TORPID LIVER, FOR CONSTIPATION, FOR SALLOW SKIN, FOR THE COMPLEXION.

From Carter's Vegetable, New York.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

1000 boxes \$1.00.

HAWAIIAN MAIL.

MAN TO ESTABLISH THE POSTAL SERVICE.

Has been reached in the Hawaiian Islands to the

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## THE LAND.

## Orchard, Farm, Garden, Rancho and Stockyard.

## NOTES AFIELD.

I HAVE had ample opportunity to observe the peculiar condition of the peach and prune trees this week, but am not able to locate the cause with certainty. I drove through a prune orchard last Monday, and can give it as my opinion that the peach and the prunes and peaches generally as I have seen them. The foliage of these trees is still undeveloped, and yet the limbs are alive to the smallest tips. Occasionally there is considerable new foliage, green and strong near the crotch of the tree, but the growth is so rare that the orchard is dead. The trees will not bear single fruit, and the fine orchard in question, I think one of the finest I have ever seen. An examination of the foliage buds shows that they have started out, and later met with an adverse condition, for there are miniature leaves dead and deciduous in almost every bud. The trouble is entirely with the buds, as the branches of the trees are green and full of life which cannot find outlet in foliage growth. Everywhere the same appearance is noted on the peach trees, only in the case of the latter the fruit buds have not all been checked, but have bloomed and developed into large, but irregular, and misshapen clusters of fruit being half grown and others on the same tree but fairly formed. It is an unnatural and very unprofitable condition, and the trees will require at least a year to recover.

Investigation as to the cause of this peculiar condition shows that it is due to an unusually warm winter, followed by a very cold, but frostless period in March. This state of the weather continued for months prior to March, and the effect it produced, while not new, is most marked and unusual, that is to say, the reverse. The cause has been so general this spring that local lines seem to be obliterated and in my travels I find the valley, foothill and mountains in this unsatisfactory condition. If there had been even moderate frost following the winter weather, the fruits would have been killed outright—a calamity not much, if any, worse than that which has befallen the crops. Peach growing in California is very uncertain, either in elevated situations or in low-lying localities. In the former, as at the ranch over which I travel, the fruits are dead and even the trees are apt to winter killing. In the very warm localities, yet subject to late frosts, the trees bloom so early that the cultivation of the peach is very problematical, for the phenomenon observed this year is but the result of unusual winter heat, followed by a spring that is too warm and frosty, gave the trees as great and dangerous an extreme as usually occurs of a very frosty spring. It seems to be the variations of heat that blights the young leaflets and fruit buds, and not the degree of cold. As to the cause of the same, the probabilities are that the facts apply as it is indeed a peach as far as climatic effect goes, for the French prune is almost universally upon peach stock—that is, in the orchards that are of a bearing age.

Now we see why the peach and prune orchards are in the same condition this spring. They are all on peach seedling roots. This accounts for the fact that the apricots are not affected. This is one season when prunes would think that they are growing on peach roots, and upon a non-possible almond root. Following the subject further, we see that peach roots are more susceptible to warmth than any other stock upon which the peach or prune might be propagated, and, consequently, the orchard that is to be planted with peach, out of season upon the slightest pretext, I have seen prune trees in full bloom in almost every month of the winter—trees in perfect health, but not enjoying their proper climatic conditions in that particular year. While the peach is not given to winter killing, yet in the year, it is very uncertain as to its time of flowering after the first of January. The probabilities are that the younger orchards of Southern California will be more consistent in their habits, as up-to-date nurseries have been breeding peach and prune hardy, half-wild plum stocks, and we may look for better results of seasons developing weather that is calculated to favor susceptible kinds out of regular seasons. Scientific fruit growing, coupled with practical work, did not begin soon enough in Southern California, or we would have our peaches, plums and prunes growing upon plum stock.

I heard a rancher explaining last Tuesday how he originated the most famous variety of orange yet produced, excepting the Washington navel. He said it was done by cutting a bud from the Washington navel and another from a St. Michael. One-half of each bud was taken and joined together, being taken to split the graft which exactly in the center. From these a Siamese bud sprang, alike, and yet different from its half-father and half-mother. Why could not this scientific and indisputable principle be applied to the origination of a peach that could stand the cold and resist impulse to grow in warm weather. The formula would be like this: Take the bud of a wild plum that ripens in October, split the germ in halves (of course it would grow with its heart cut open) and join it carefully to a half bud of a Hale's Early, that ripens in May. Now, you have made a hybrid. One-half the tree would bear fruit in the sun and the other expand like a compound clock pendulum, thus keeping fruit from ripening till three months after the Hale's Early time, and forcing it three months before the season of wild plums. If this theory is as logical as hybridizing oranges by mechanical means it might be applied to preventing peaches from blooming in mid-winter, or from carrying their fruit till fall, without ripening, as they now seem to do.

I came across a plantation of 60,000 conifers last week in a cañon of the Sierra Madre range, the discovery showing that T. P. Lukens had been in that neighborhood with his plans for

rehabilitating the "burned area" of the mountains of Southern California. This is only a drop in the bucket of what Mr. Lukens has done to restore the forests of the watershed with a lot of plants. He has left them in the care of a gentleman deeply interested in the plan of re-covering the denuded districts, and the plants will be cared for as carefully as if Mr. Lukens could be with them himself. Any one living near a mountain territory that has been burned over, who who enough, should be puzzeled to tell whether they were in city or country. But they would be in paradise, and too happy to be in paradise, to care for the trees in this blessed land every week, and have learned to tell whether it is the country or by country, by the presence of abundance of water, and the trees and tamarisks stand. It will never be a good country to "do" on a "flyer," for a man who should rush through a country with a town, and a people, to the plants to any one who would be willing to try the experiment of restoring the mountain forestry. Every irrigation company receiving its water supplies from the mountain surfaces should have a committee to keep in touch with Mr. Lukens' plans, and to assist the man in the work of the forest, restocking and conserving the watershed by the re-establishment of "God's first temple" wherever they came from the north or they'll get you, and when you get out of the country to find "isolation" for the orange grower on his automobile.

There is something new under the sun, occasionally. In this case it is a house built with reel, wheels, shafts, etc., to be pulled through the orchard to assist in irrigation. There is no hose attached to this implement, and therein lies the novelty, in part. I saw a man on the road with this outfit. His "plant" consists of hundred feet of canvas, a reel, two sets of reel wire, and around the core of the reel like a band of ribbon. When the irrigating water is to be carried over open mud ditches this strip of canvas is laid along the bottom of the ditch, forming a canvas conduit, the sides of the ditch furrow holding up the edges of the canvas and making a tight fit. The canvas is then laid across the ditch, and the reel is run along the ditch. When the water has finished running the hose cart is brought forward and the canvas rolled up again, to be transported to another ditch, or to the storage shed. I believe the novelty is of practical value to orchardists who have not the means of building expensive conduits, or have no time to do so. The reel is a simple affair, the premise to suit the exigencies of the situation. On lands where the waste water escapes through deep strata and never reaches the root area again, this plan might be of value. I saw land last week where three-fourths of the water was entirely lost before it reached the irrigation furrow. In that case the hosecart with its ribbon of canvas would have been of inestimable value.

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Of course the vineyards look fine these days. The rains came, and the new growths are now in bloom, and the vineyards are a perfect greenery that devastated the vines a few years ago, and some of them are preparing to lose some money on a business that is not so successful on lands that have exhausted the soil elements adapted to the production of marketable wine. If the vines are to be planted on new soils that are not susceptible to the disease, it will take a few years at least. But we have been rehabilitating new vines, which is akin to tapping a turnip for blood. The vines will grow all right and the grapes will have just as much to eat, but the main elements that give them a commercial value to the wine maker. If you think there is money in grapes call in a soil chemist and let him analyse your soil. A vineyard may look fine these days and produce very large late on.

"Special" prunes are appearing many of the nut-growing sections of Southern California at present, and various are the explanations of the fault. I drove through a very large walnut grove Tuesday, and indeed the outlook there was very discouraging. Some of the trees were inch long, and spurs on the same tree were black and blighted, and altogether the growth of the young trees was poor. Many of the cankers were black and blighted, and altogether the growth of the young trees was poor. The formula would be like this: Take the bud of a wild plum that ripens in October, split the germ in halves (of course it would grow with its heart cut open) and join it carefully to a half bud of a Hale's Early, that ripens in May. Now, you have made a hybrid. One-half the tree would bear fruit in the sun and the other expand like a compound clock pendulum, thus keeping fruit from ripening till three months after the Hale's Early time, and forcing it three months before the season of wild plums. If this theory is as logical as hybridizing oranges by mechanical means it might be applied to preventing peaches from blooming in mid-winter, or from carrying their fruit till fall, without ripening, as they now seem to do.

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entirely barren. Walnut growers should charge the failure to the season and they will not be accused of shiftlessness or the parties failing to do their duty. Rural Free Press urges the failure to set to lack of pollen, which is possibly true. But abundance of pollen would not make up for lack of vitality. The tree is too large to let it grow to a good size, while others alongside of it are stunted in growth and sickly in appearance. The smaller nuts fall off, and those that would have had a pretty fair idea of why their trees were not properly nourished.

Will S. Green of the Colusa Sun, and A. J. Pilsbury of the Tahoe Register, are in a war discussion as to the merits of city life and rural existence. The merits of the latter are well set forth in the *Standard* of Southern California. The former is to get the best out of the city life and rural existence as I have seen them. The foliage of these trees is still undeveloped, and yet the limbs are alive to the smallest tips. Occasionally there is considerable new foliage, green and strong near the crotch of the tree, but the growth is so rare that the orchard is dead.

The Troublesome and the Peculiar. The plants will be cared for as carefully as if Mr. Lukens could be with them himself. Any one living near a mountain territory that has been burned over, who who enough, should be puzzeled to tell whether they were in city or country. But they would be in paradise, and too happy to be in paradise, to care for the trees in this blessed land every week, and have learned to tell whether it is the country or by country, by the presence of abundance of water, and the trees and tamarisks stand. It will never be a good country to "do" on a "flyer," for a man who should rush through a country with a town, and a people, to the plants to any one who would be willing to try the experiment of restoring the mountain forestry. Every irrigation company receiving its water supplies from the mountain surfaces should have a committee to keep in touch with Mr. Lukens' plans, and to assist the man in the work of the forest, restocking and conserving the watershed by the re-establishment of "God's first temple" wherever they came from the north or they'll get you, and when you get out of the country to find "isolation" for the orange grower on his automobile.

The Times has received Dr. F. Franchetti's new catalogue of plants, and what he has to say upon the plants that can be grown in Southern California is worth the most careful perusal. Dr. Franchetti has done very much to stimulate the beautifying of homes in this section, and it gives the reader a good deal of information in the catalogue and the suggestions on the second page relating to plant culture. His address may be found in the advertising pages of the late issues of The Times.

## FRUIT INTERESTS.

## Producing Early Peaches.

J. H. HAILE, the greatest American peach grower, is reported to have said that he gets peaches two weeks earlier by the following method: In the middle of the growing season put a strong wire around a large arm of a tree and twist it firmly tight. This checks the flow of sap and causes fruit buds to form early and in abundance. The peach tree, however, has no buds on the main stem, but on the branches of this arm will ripen two weeks earlier than the untreated branches. The peach is a fruit that is not much, if any, worse than that which has befallen the crops. Peach growing in California is very uncertain, either in elevated situations or in low-lying localities. In the former, as at the ranch over which I travel, the fruits are dead and even the trees are apt to winter killing. In the very warm localities, yet subject to late frosts, the trees bloom so early that the cultivation of the peach is very problematical, for the phenomenon observed this year is but the result of unusual winter heat, followed by a spring that is too warm and frosty, gave the trees as great and dangerous an extreme as usually occurs of a very frosty spring. It seems to be the variations of heat that blights the young leaflets and fruit buds, and not the degree of cold. As to the cause of the same, the probabilities are that the facts apply as it is indeed a peach as far as climatic effect goes, for the French prune is almost universally upon peach stock—that is, in the orchards that are of a bearing age.

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